Chapter 15
Reform and Reaction in Russia, 1849-1894

Further reading

Obtaining original source material in translation may be problematic because most of the collections have been published in the United States; of particular value are G. Vernadsky (ed.) *A Sourcebook for Russian History from Early Times to 1917*, vol. 3 (New Haven, CT, Yale University Press, 1971) and W.B. Walsh, *Readings in Russian History*, vol. 2 (New York, Syracuse University Press, 1963). J. Hite, *Tsarist Russia 1801–1917* (Ormskirk, Causeway Press, 2004) contains a wide range of useful excerpts.

Web Sites

There are few web sites which have primary sources translated into English, and those available are mainly based in the United States. There is a European guide to web sites at [http://intute.ac.uk](http://intute.ac.uk) and a British site, based at Durham University which can be accessed via [http://www.fordham.edu/halsall/mod/modsbook39.html](http://www.fordham.edu/halsall/mod/modsbook39.html).

For the events of the period see the Chronology available at the Index of World History site, with extended entries for George Plekhanov, the Emancipation of the Serfs (1861), the founding of the St Petersburg Conservatoire (1862) and the Treaty of San Stefano (1878).
There are brief illustrated biographies of the Tsars of the period (Nicholas I, Alexander II and Alexander III) and diaries and correspondence illustrating life at the Romanov court in the Alexander Palace Time Machine, http://www.alexanderpalace.org